Department of Homeland Security

liability for, service in the Armed Forces of the United States.

§ 315.4 Exemption treaties.

(a) The following countries currently have effective treaties providing reciprocal exemption of aliens from military service:

Argentina (Art. X, 10 Stat. 1005, 1009, effective 1853)

Austria (Art. VI, 47 Stat. 1876, 1880, effective 1928)

China (Art. XIV, 63 Stat. 1299, 1311, effective 1946)

Costa Rica (Art. IX, 10 Stat. 916, 921, effective 1851)

Estonia (Art. VI, 44 Stat. 2379, 2381, effective 1925)

Honduras (Art. VI, 45 Stat. 2618, 2622, effective 1927)

Ireland (Art. III, 1 US 785, 789, effective 1950) Italy (Art. XIII, 63 Stat. 2255, 2272, effective 1948)

Latvia (Art. VI, 45 Stat. 2641, 2643, effective 1928)

Liberia (Art. VI, 54 Stat. 1739, 1742, effective 1938)

Norway (Art. VI, 47 Stat. 2135, 2139, effective 1928)

Paraguay (Art. XI, 12 Stat. 1091, 1096, effective 1859)

Spain (Art. V, 33 Stat. 2105, 2108, effective 1902)

Switzerland (Art. II, 11 Stat. 587, 589, effective 1850)

Yugoslavia (Serbia) (Art. IV, 22 Stat. 963, 964, effective 1881)

(b) The following countries previously had treaties providing for reciprocal exemption of aliens from military service:

El Salvador (Art. VI, 46 Stat. 2817, 2821, effective 1926 to February 8, 1958)

Germany (Art. VI, 44 Stat. 2132, 2136, effective 1923 to June 2, 1954)

Hungary (Art. VI, 44 Stat, 2441, 2445, effective 1925 to July 5, 1952)

Thailand (Si̇̃am) (Art. 1, 53 Stat. 1731, 1732, effective 1937 to June 8, 1968)

PART 316—GENERAL REQUIRE-MENTS FOR NATURALIZATION

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AUTHORITY: 8 U.S.C. 1103, 1181, 1182, 1443, 1447; 8 CFR part 2.

SOURCE: 56 FR 50484, Oct. 7, 1991, unless otherwise noted.

§ 316.1 Definitions.

As used in this part:

Application means the form specified in §499.1 of this chapter on which an applicant requests consideration for naturalization.

Service district means the geographical area over which an office of the Immigration and Naturalization Service has jurisdiction, as defined in §100.4 of this chapter.

§316.2 Eligibility.

- (a) *General.* Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, to be eligible for naturalization, an alien must establish that he or she:
 - (1) Is at least 18 years of age;
- (2) Has been lawfully admitted as a permanent resident of the United States:
- (3) Has resided continuously within the United States, as defined under §316.5, for a period of at least five years after having been lawfully admitted for permanent residence;

(4) Has been physically present in the United States for at least 30 months of the five years preceding the date of filing the application;

(5) Immediately preceding the filing of an application, or immediately preceding the examination on the application if the application was filed early pursuant to section 334(a) of the Act and the three month period falls within the required period of residence under section 316(a) or 319(a) of the Act, has resided, as defined under §316.5, for at least three months in a State or Service district having jurisdiction over the applicant's actual place of residence,

§316.3

and in which the alien seeks to file the application;

- (6) Has resided continuously within the United States from the date of application for naturalization up to the time of admission to citizenship;
- (7) For all relevant time periods under this paragraph, has been and continues to be a person of good moral character, attached to the principles of the Constitution of the United States, and favorably disposed toward the good order and happiness of the United States; and
- (8) Is not a person described in Section 314 of the Act relating to deserters of the United States Armed Forces or those persons who departed from the United States to evade military service in the United States Armed Forces.
- (b) Burden of proof. The applicant shall bear the burden of establishing by a preponderance of the evidence that he or she meets all of the requirements for naturalization, including that the applicant was lawfully admitted as a permanent resident to the United States, in accordance with the immigration laws in effect at the time of the applicant's initial entry or any subsequent reentry.

[56 FR 50484, Oct. 7, 1991, as amended at 58 FR 49912, Sept. 24, 1993; 60 FR 6651, Feb. 3, 1995]

§316.3 Jurisdiction.

Except as provided in §316.5, the applicant shall file an application for naturalization with the Service office having jurisdiction, as described in §100.4 of this chapter, over the applicant's residence at the time of filing the application. The applicant may be required to submit evidence of residence for at least three months immediately preceding the filing of the application in the State or Service district in which the applicant files the application. For purposes of this section, the applicant's residence in a State where there are two or more districts will be sufficient to comply with the jurisdictional requirement of residence in any one of those districts.

§316.4 Application; documents.

- (a) The applicant shall apply for naturalization by filing:
- (1) Form N-400 (Application for Naturalization);

- (2) Evidence of lawful permanent residence in the United States in the form of photocopies (front and back) of Forms I-551 (Permanent Resident Card), or any other entry document; and
- (3) Three (3) photographs as described in §333.1 of this chapter.
- (b) Each applicant who files Form N-400, Application for Naturalization, shall be fingerprinted on Form FD-258, Applicant Card, as prescribed in §103.2(e) of this chapter.
- (c) At the time of the examination on the application for naturalization, the applicant may be required to establish the status of lawful permanent resident by submitting the original evidence, issued by the Service, of lawful permanent residence in the United States. The applicant may be also required to submit any passports, or any other documents that have been used to enter the United States at any time after the original admission for permanent residence.

[56 FR 50484, Oct. 7, 1991, as amended at 58 FR 48780, Sept. 20, 1993; 63 FR 12987, Mar. 17, 1998; 63 FR 70316, Dec. 21, 1998]

§ 316.5 Residence in the United States.

- (a) General. Unless otherwise specified, for purposes of this chapter, including §316.2 (a)(3), (a)(5), and (a)(6), an alien's residence is the same as that alien's domicile, or principal actual dwelling place, without regard to the alien's intent, and the duration of an alien's residence in a particular location is measured from the moment the alien first establishes residence in that location.
- (b) Residences in specific cases—(1) Military personnel. For applicants who are serving in the Armed Forces of the United States but who do not qualify for naturalization under part 328 of this chapter, the applicant's residence shall be:
- (i) The State or Service District where the applicant is physically present for at least three months, immediately preceding the filing of an application for naturalization, or immediately preceding the examination on the application if the application was filed early pursuant to section 334(a) of the Act and the three month period